

Fluke Networks FM150 Specs

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FLUKE®

FTK200

Optical Fiber Test Kit

Users Guide

April 2000, Rev. 1 4/03

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⚠ Safety Information

⚠ Warning

To avoid possible eye damage caused by hazardous radiation:

- **Never look directly into optical output connectors. Some sources produce invisible radiation that can permanently damage your eyes.**
- **Do not open the case, except to change the battery; no user-serviceable parts are inside.**

Caution

To avoid false test results, replace the battery as soon as the low battery indicator (BAT) appears.

Cleaning Fiber Connections

Always clean the fiber ends before making connections. Use any of the following:

- Lint-free swabs or wipes moistened with isopropyl alcohol
- Pre-moistened swabs or wipes approved for use on fiber connectors

Canned air approved for use on fiber connectors is also useful for dislodging contamination. Protect all connectors with dust caps when not in use.

Optical Fiber Test Kit

Introduction

The FTK200 Optical Fiber Test Kit is used to measure optical power and optical power loss at 850 nm, 1300 nm, 1310 nm, and 1550 nm. This test kit includes the FM150 Fiber Meter (also referred to as “the meter”), which has the following features:

- Measures optical power loss of multimode or singlemode fibers.
- Measures output power from optical sources such as network interface cards or optical test equipment.
- Displays output power measurements in dBm or μW .
- Operates for up to 30 hours on a single 9 V alkaline battery. Automatic power-down feature helps conserve battery power.
- Displays remaining battery life.
- Designed to use the optional ToolPak™ Meter Hanging Kit from Fluke.
- Saves up to 500 measurements for each wavelength.
- Serial port lets you print measurements on a serial printer or upload measurements to a PC.
- LinkWare™ software runs on a PC to let you upload measurements from the meter, view measurements, add header information to create test reports, and save and print reports.

The FTK200 Kit also includes a Fluke FS150 Fiber Source, which provides light for multimode testing at 850 nm and 1300 nm. For testing singlemode fiber, Fluke offers the optional LS-1310/1550 Laser Source.

The instructions in this guide assume you are using the FS150 source included. For other optical sources, refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

Contacting Fluke Networks

Visit Fluke's Web site at **www.flukenetworks.com**.

To order accessories, receive operating assistance, or get the location of the nearest Fluke distributor or Service Center, call:

- USA: 1-800-283-5853
- Canada: 1-800-363-5853
- Europe: +44 1923 281 300
- Japan: +81-3-3434-0181
- Singapore: +65-6738-5655
- Anywhere in the world: +1-425-446-4519

Unpacking

The equipment listed below and shown in Figure 1 is included with the FTK200 Kit. If anything is missing or damaged, contact the place of purchase immediately.

- FM150 Fiber Meter (with 9 V battery installed)
- ST adapter cap (with dust cap) for FM150 Fiber Meter
- FS150 Fiber Source (with 9 V battery and dust cap installed)
- ST adapter cap (with dust cap) for FS150 Fiber Source
- 2 ST/ST 3 ft (1 m) 62.5 μ m multimode patch cords
- 1 ST/ST 1 ft (0.3 m) 62.5 μ m multimode test jumper
- 1 ST/ST adapter (singlemode quality)
- LinkWare PC utility diskette
- RS-232 PC interface cable
- 2 recording pads
- FTK100/FTK200 Manuals CD-ROM
- Warranty registration card
- Hard carrying case

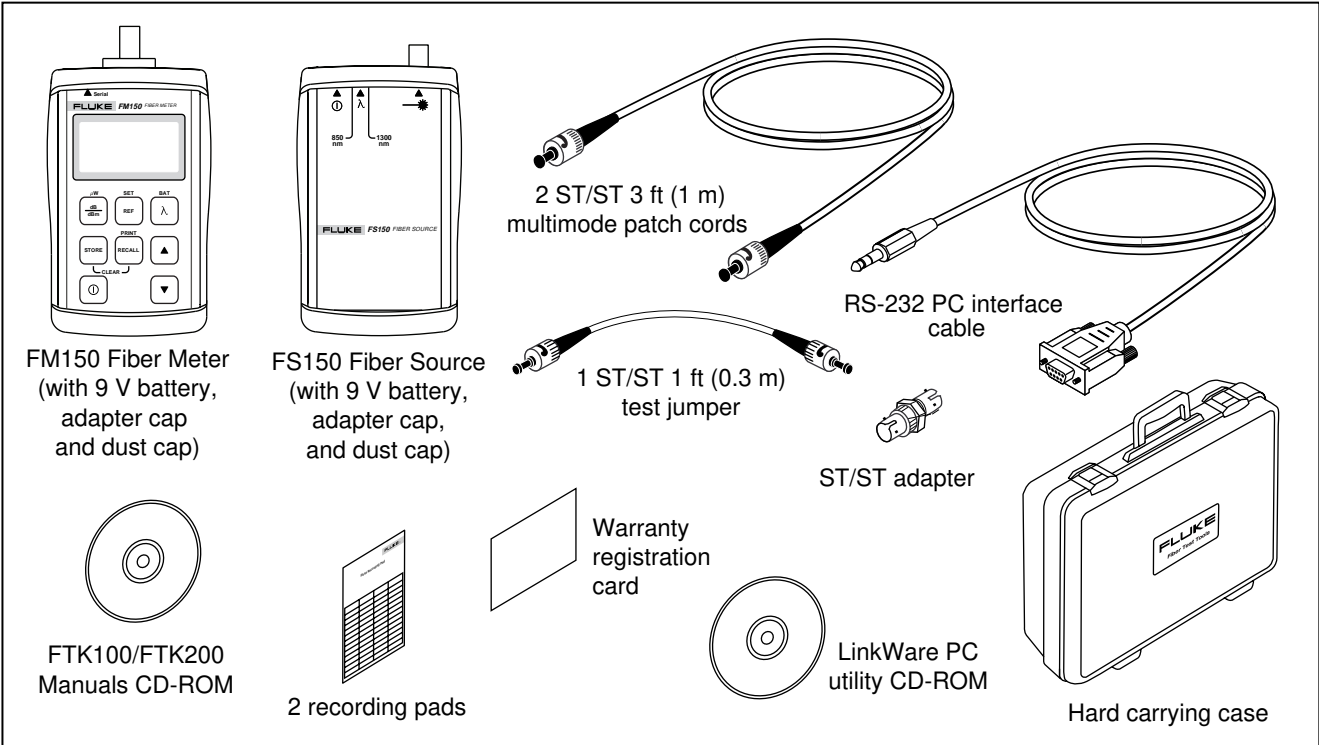


Figure 1. Standard Equipment

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Features

Figures 2 and 3 and Table 1 describe the meter's features. Figure 4 describes the features of the FS150 Fiber Source included in the kit.

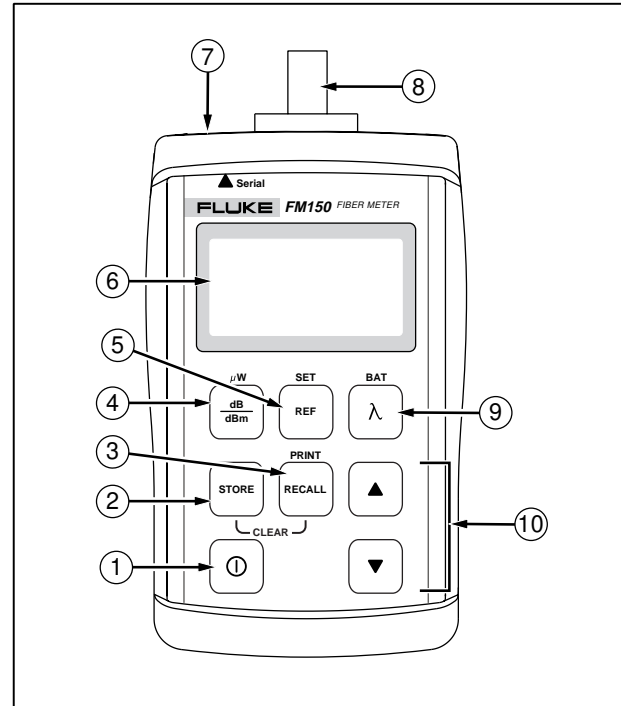













Figure 2. FM150 Fiber Meter Features

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Table 1. FM150 Fiber Meter Features

Item	Description
①	On/off key. Hold down  to turn the meter on. The automatic power-down feature, which turns the meter off if no keys are pressed for 5 minutes, is enabled when you turn the meter on. To disable this feature, turn the meter off; then hold down  until P is displayed.
② ③	Press  to save the current measurement in non-volatile memory. Press  briefly to view or replace a saved measurement. Hold down  to send stored measurements to a PC or serial printer. See “Memory Functions” and Appendices A and B for details. To clear from memory all saved measurements for the current wavelength, hold down  and  together until HELD appears.
④	Toggles the meter between power (dBm) and loss (dB) measurements. Loss readings are compared to the stored reference level. Hold down  until HELD appears to change the measurement units to μ W.
⑤	Press  briefly to display the reference value for the currently selected wavelength. Hold down  to store a new reference value for the displayed wavelength.
⑥	LCD display. See Figure 3 for details.
⑦	Serial connector for printing to a serial printer or uploading saved measurements to a PC.
⑧	Removable adapter cap with an ST connector for connecting to multimode or singlemode patch cords.
⑨	Changes the wavelength to be measured. To see the percentage of battery life remaining, hold down  until HELD appears.
⑩	Used in recall mode to scroll through saved measurements.

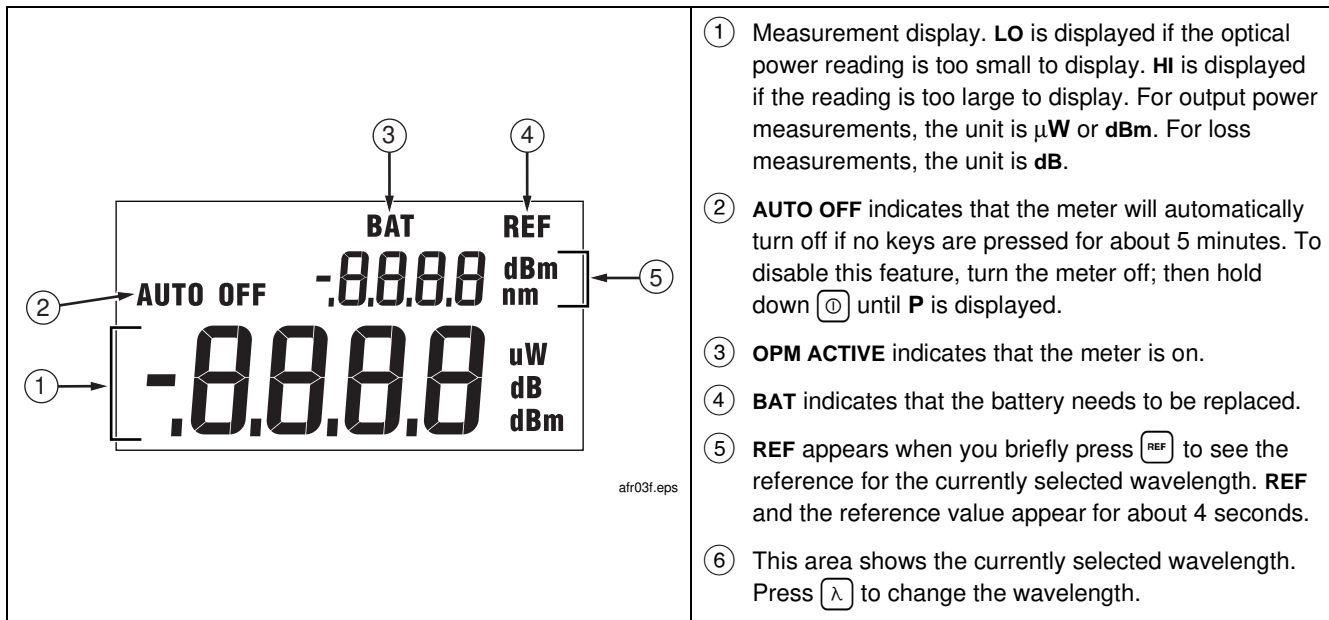


Figure 3. Display Features

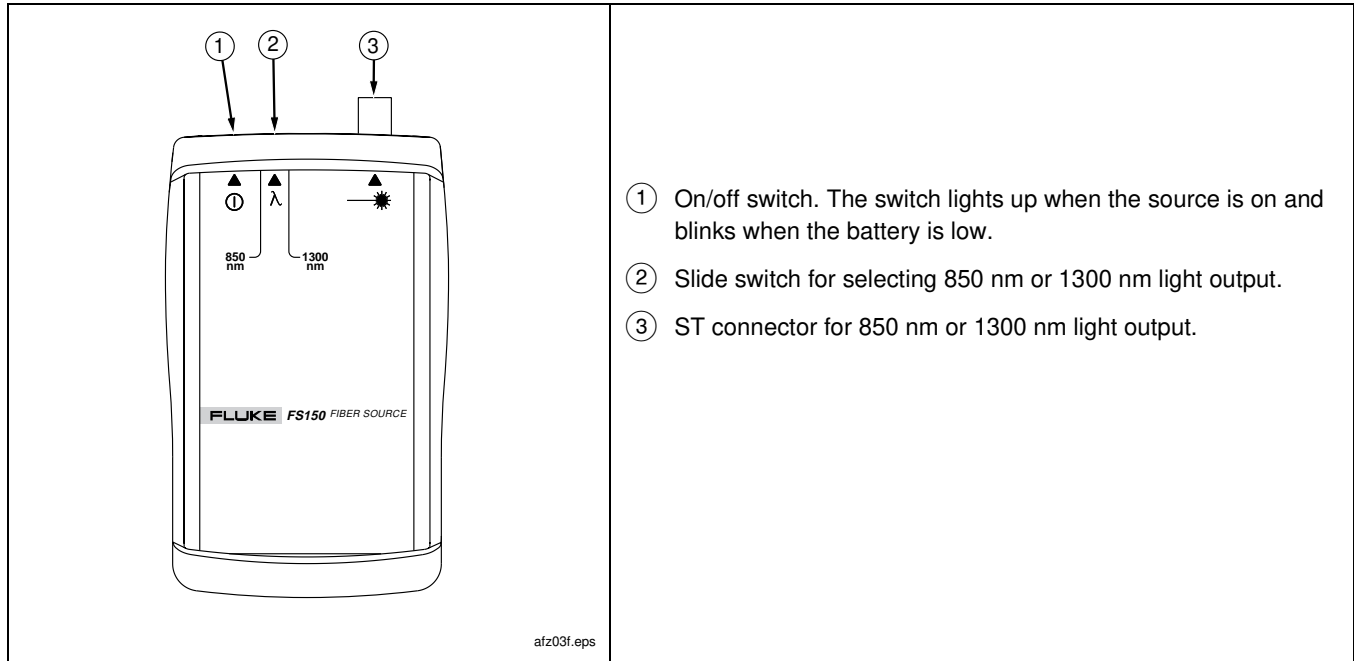




Figure 4. FS150 Fiber Source Features

Measuring Optical Power

Optical power is the output power produced by a source such as an optical network interface card or optical test equipment. You can measure power at a source or at the end of a fiber link.

To measure optical power, proceed as follows:

1. Verify that the meter and source are set to the proper wavelength. Let the source warm up for two minutes, if necessary.
2. Clean all fiber ends.
3. Make the connections shown in Figure 5.
4. Verify that the meter is in the power measurement mode. The measurement unit should be **dBm**. If necessary, press  to change the measurement unit to **dB**. To change the unit to μW , hold down  until **HELD** appears on the display.
5. Read the power measurement.

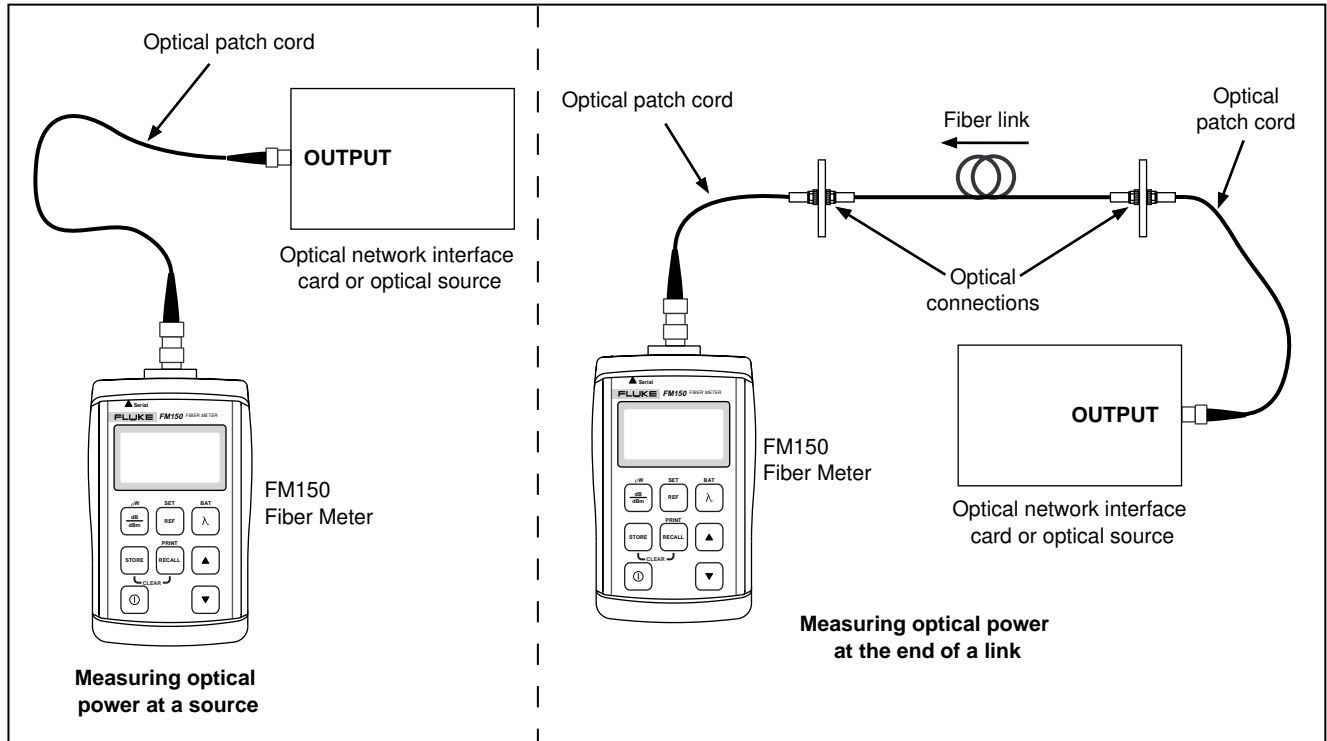


Figure 5. Measuring Optical Power

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Setting a Reference for Loss Measurements

Setting a reference lets the meter automatically subtract from loss measurements the losses due to patch cords. The loss for a fiber under test is automatically calculated as the difference between the reference loss and the loss with the fiber inserted.


For the most accurate test results, you should set the reference at these times:

- Anytime you start using a different optical source for loss measurements
- Anytime you change the patch cord used on the meter or source.



Note

For the most accurate test results, set the reference at the beginning of each day using the patch cords and wavelength settings you will use for testing.

The meter stores a separate reference value for each wavelength. The reference values are not affected when you turn the meter off or change the battery.

To view the reference for the selected wavelength, press  briefly.

To set a reference, proceed as follows:

1. Set the source to the wavelength you will use for testing. Let the source warm up for two minutes.
2. Select two known-good patch cords of the same type as the fiber to be tested. Select one known-good adapter of the appropriate type. Clean all fiber ends.
3. Make the connections shown in Figure 6. Turn on the meter. Press  to select the proper wavelength. Normally, the reading will be about -20 dBm. If the reading is too low, check the source connections and wavelength, or clean the fiber ends again, or select different patch cords, or use a different adapter.
4. To set the reference, hold down  until **HELD** appears on the display. The loss reading should then change to 0 dB. The last digit may vary slightly because of fiber movement and minor variations in the output power of the source.
5. If you are testing with more than one wavelength, change the meter and source to the new wavelength, then repeat step 4.

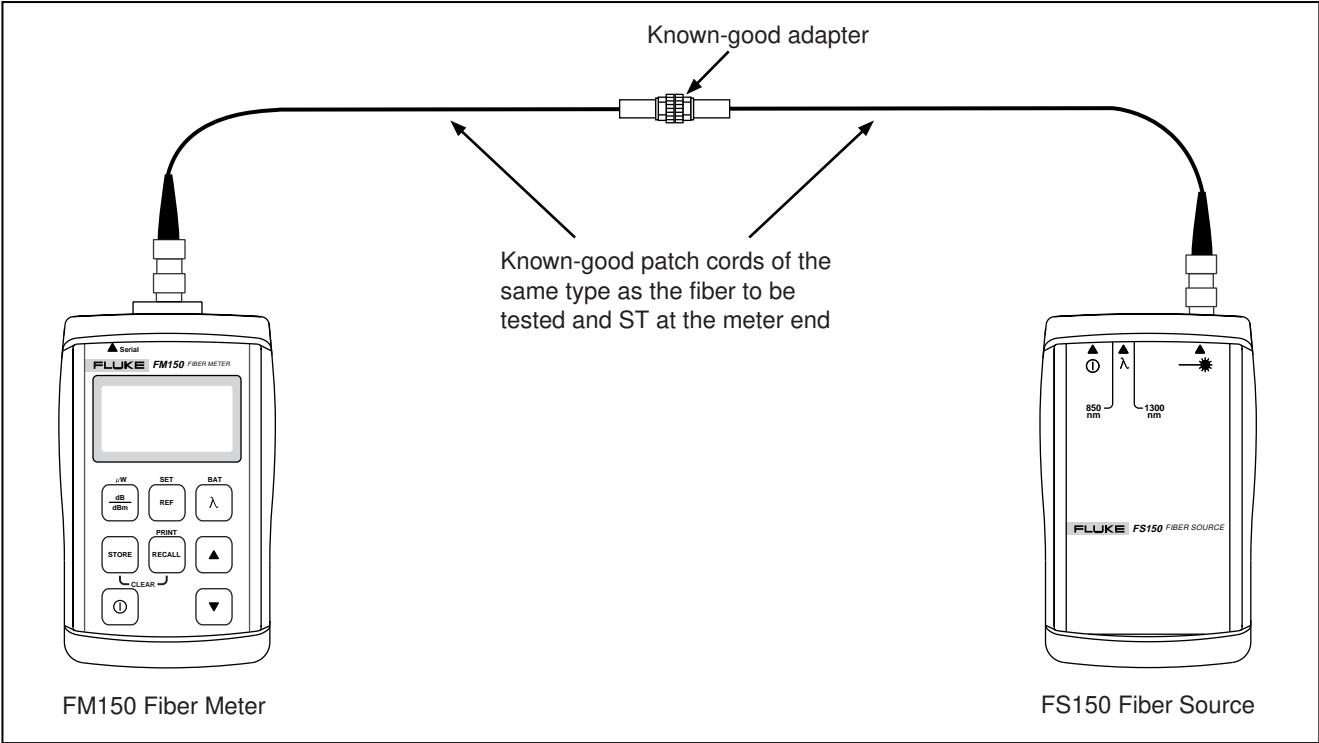


Figure 6. Setting a Reference

Measuring Optical Power Loss

Optical power loss is the light energy lost through the fiber, adapters, splices, and other components in a fiber link. The loss for a fiber under test is automatically calculated as the difference between the loss with the fiber inserted and the reference loss. (See Figures 6 and 7.)

To measure loss, proceed as follows:

1. Verify that the meter and source are set to the proper wavelength. Let the source warm up for two minutes, if necessary.

Note

The patch cords used for loss measurements should be the same patch cords used to set the reference at the wavelength you are testing. If the patch cords have been disconnected from the meter or source since the reference was set, set the reference again before measuring loss.

2. Clean all fiber ends.
3. Set a reference, if necessary. (See the previous section “Setting a Reference for Loss Measurements” for details.)
4. Make the connections shown in Figure 7.

Note

The additional test jumper used during loss measurement ensures that the loss you measure includes the fiber to be tested and the connections at both ends of the fiber.

5. Verify that the meter is in the loss measurement mode. If so, the unit of measurement will be **dB**. If it is not, press $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} \text{dB} \\ \text{dBm} \end{smallmatrix} \right)$.
6. Read the loss measurement.

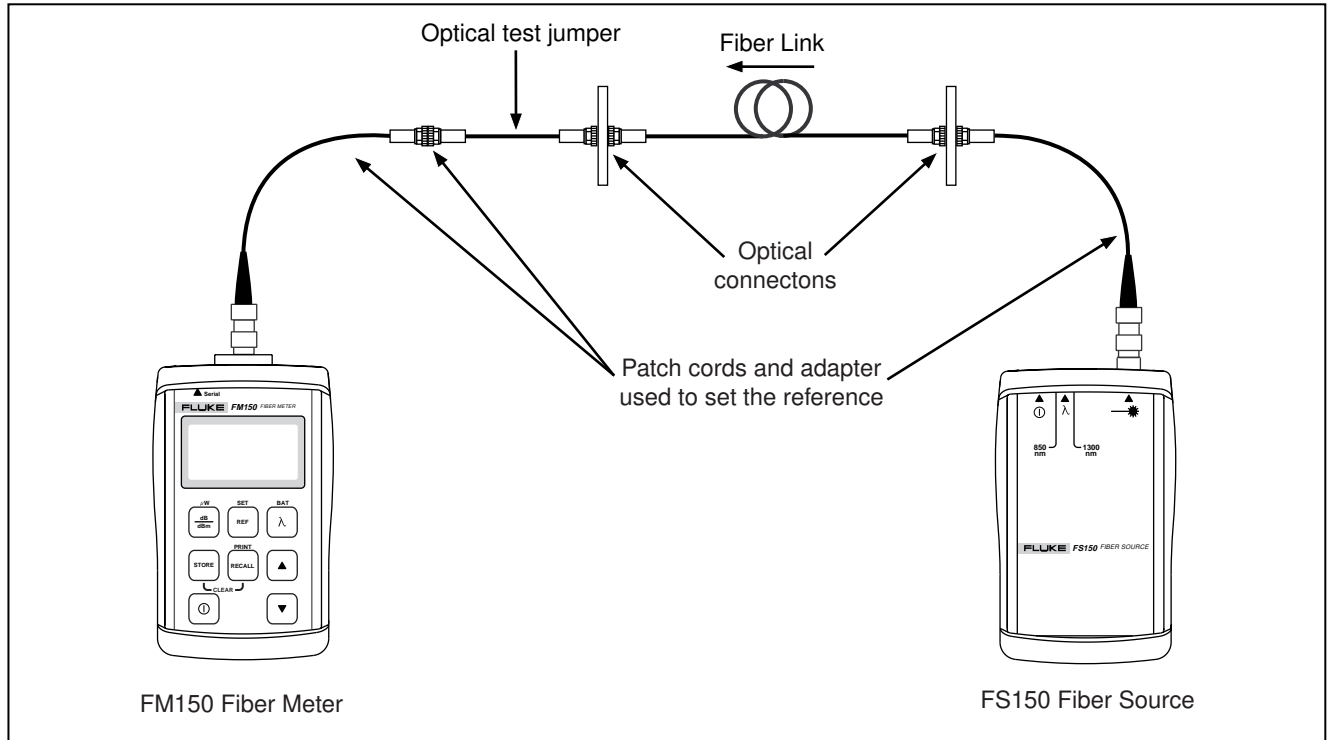



Figure 7. Measuring Loss





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Memory Functions

The FM150 Fiber Meter lets you save loss and power measurements in non-volatile memory. Saved measurements are not lost when you change the battery. You can save up to 500 measurements for each wavelength. You can send the measurements directly to a serial printer or upload them to a PC. Refer to the Appendix for more information on connecting to a printer or PC.

Saving and Reviewing Measurements






To save the current reading, press . The reading is saved in the next available memory location, which is briefly displayed. You can also use the test results pad included with the meter to record the storage location number, fiber identification, file name, and comments about the results.

To review saved measurements, press  to select the desired wavelength; then press . The highest memory location used is alternately displayed with its contents. Use   to scroll through the memory locations.



To exit the recall mode, press  or .

Replacing Saved Measurements

You can save a new measurement in any memory location, as follows:

1. Press ; then use   to select the memory location you want to change.
2. Hold down the  key until **HELD** appears. The meter then switches to measurement mode.
3. Make a new loss or power measurement; then press .

Deleting Saved Measurements

To delete all measurements saved for the currently selected wavelength, hold down both  and  until **HELD** appears.

To delete all saved measurements, delete the measurements for each wavelength.

Maintenance

Clean the case with a soft cloth dampened with water or a mild detergent. Do not use solvents or abrasive cleansers.

Always cover the connector with the dust cap when not using the meter.

Do not open the case (except to replace the battery). No user-serviceable parts are inside.

Battery Replacement

Replace the battery in the FM150 Fiber Meter when **BAT** appears at the top of the display. Refer to Figure 8.

Replace the battery in the FS150 Fiber Source when the light in the power switch blinks or does not turn on. Refer to Figure 8.

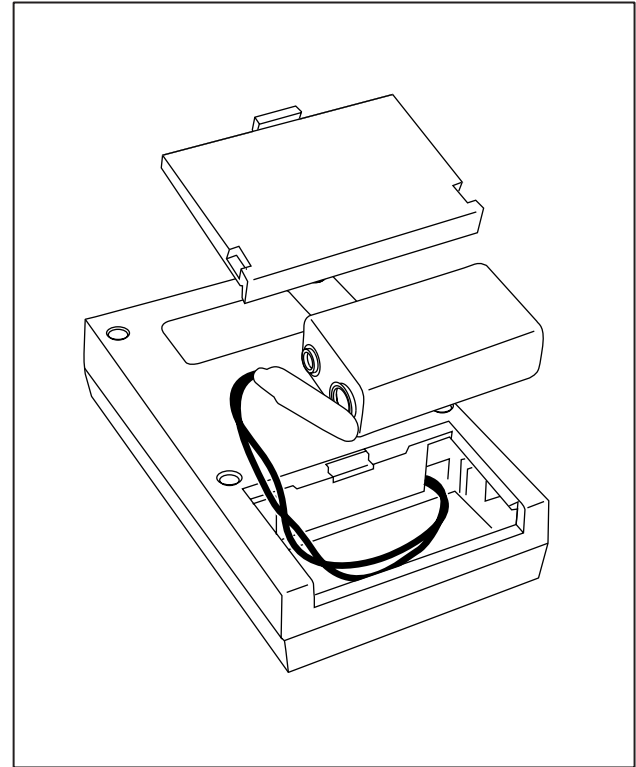


Figure 8. Battery Replacement

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Accessories and Replacement Parts

Table 2 shows the accessories and replacement parts available from Fluke for the FTK200 Optical Fiber Test Kit.

Table 2. Accessories and Replacement Parts

Description	Fluke Model or Part Number
Recording pads, pack of 10	NF410
ToolPak™ meter hanging kit	TPAK
ST adapter cap for FM150 Fiber Meter	1568277
ST adapter cap for FS150 Fiber Source	1568292
ST/ST 62.5 µm multimode patch cord	FOC-ST/ST
ST/SC 62.5 µm multimode patch cord	FOC-ST/SC
ST/ST 62.5 µm short test jumper	NF230
ST/ST adapter	NF300SM
SC/SC adapter	NF310SM

Table 2. Accessories and Replacement Parts (cont.)

Description	Fluke Model or Part Number
LS-1310/1550 Laser Source	LS-1310/1550
RS-232 PC interface cable, 9-pin to 3-conductor plug	1568303
Battery door for FM150 Fiber Meter or FS150 Fiber Source	1568289
FTK100/FTK200 Manuals CD-ROM	2072094
LinkWare CD-ROM	LinkWare

Calibration and Service

Have the meter calibrated at an authorized Fluke Service Center every 12 months.

For service, contact an authorized service center. To locate the nearest service center, contact Fluke as described at the beginning of this guide.

FM150 Fiber Meter Specifications

Detector type	Germanium
Calibrated wavelengths	850 nm, 1300 nm, 1310 nm, and 1550 nm
Measurement range	+6 dBm to -50 dBm
Resolution	0.01 dB
Loss and power measurement accuracy	± 0.25 dB at 25 °C and -10 dBm
Temperature range	Operating: 0 °C to +50 °C; Storage: -30 °C to +60 °C
Humidity range	Operating: 0 to 95 % RH, non-condensing
Battery type and life	9 V alkaline (NEDA 1604A or IEC 6LR61); 30 hours typical with alkaline battery
Low battery indication	BAT appears on the display.
Display	4-digit LCD display

FM150 Fiber Meter Specifications (cont.)

Memory	Stores up to 500 measurements for each wavelength. Measurements are stored in non-volatile memory, which is retained when power is off or the battery is changed. Memory contents can be uploaded to a PC or sent directly to a serial printer.
Serial port connector	3.5 mm, 3-conductor phone jack
Certifications	CE
Dimensions	3.2 in x 5.8 in x 1.5 in (8.1 cm x 14.7 cm x 3.8 cm)
Weight	8.6 oz (244 g)

FS150 Fiber Source Specifications

Light source	Infrared LED
Wavelength	850 nm \pm 30 nm; 1300 nm -10 nm/+50 nm
Output power	-20 dBm nominal into 62.5 μ m multimode fiber
Connector	ST

FS150 Fiber Source Specifications (cont.)

Stability	±0.1 dB per 8 hours at 25 °C
Battery type and life	9 V alkaline (NEDA 1604A or IEC 6LR61); 30 hours typical with alkaline battery
Low battery indication	Blinking LED in power switch
Temperature range	Operating: 0 °C to 50 °C; Storage: -20 °C to +70 °C
Humidity	Up to 90 % RH
Certifications	CE
Dimensions	3.2 in x 5.6 in x 1.5 in (8.1 cm x 14.2 cm x 3.8 cm)
Weight	7.2 oz (204 g)

Appendix A

Serial Communications

Using the Serial Port

The serial port on the FM150 Fiber Meter lets you send saved measurements to a PC or a serial printer.

The interface cable provided is configured for serial communication with a PC. An adapter might be required for connecting directly to a serial printer. Table 3 gives the pin assignments for the serial cable. Refer to your printer's documentation for the printer's serial port pin assignments.



Table 3. Pin Assignments for Serial Cable

Phone Plug Conductor	Pins on 9-pin Connector	Signal
Tip	7	Clear to Send
Ring	2	Transmit Data
Sleeve	5	Ground

The data protocol for the serial port is 1200 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, and XON/XOFF data flow control.

Sending Measurements to a Printer

To send measurements directly to a serial printer, proceed as follows:

1. Turn on the FM150 Fiber Meter and the printer.
2. If necessary, set the printer to the data protocol given under “Using the Serial Port” in this appendix. Refer to the documentation for your printer for its configuration instructions.
3. Use the RS-232 interface cable provided (with an adapter, if necessary) to connect the meter to the printer.
4. On the meter, press  to enter the recall mode; then hold down  until **HELD** appears. All measurements stored for all wavelengths are transmitted to the printer. When all measurements are transferred, **HELD** disappears.

Sending Measurements to a PC

To send measurements to a PC, use the LinkWare™ software provided with the meter.

Appendix B ***Glossary***

Adapter

A device used to mate fiber connectors of the same or different styles.

Attenuation

A loss of optical power due to losses in the fiber itself or in connections between fibers.

Core

The light-conducting central portion of an optical fiber.

dBm

A unit of power (in decibels), assuming a reference of 1 mW (1/1000 of a watt).

Insertion loss

Loss of optical power caused by adding a connector, adapter, splice, or other optical component to a fiber path.

Launch cable

A fiber patch cord used to couple an optical source to a fiber.

Macrobending losses

Light losses due to large-radius bends in a fiber, such as bends made during installation.

Microbending losses

Light losses due to microscopic imperfections in a fiber.

Multimode fiber

Fiber with a relatively large core (50 μm or more) that offers many paths, or modes, for propagation of light.

Optical power

Optical power measured at a source or the end of a fiber and expressed in microwatts (μW) or in decibels with reference to one milliwatt (dBm).

Receive cable

A fiber patch cord used to couple a fiber to an optical receiver.

SC connector

Subscription Channel Connector. An optical connector that originated in Japan and provides push-pull connections, low loss, and low backreflection.

Singlemode fiber

Fiber with a small core (8 μm to 10 μm) that offers just one path, or mode, for propagation of light.

ST connector

Straight-Tip Connector. A popular fiber connector originally developed by AT&T.

Test Jumper

A short patch cord used when testing a fiber link.