

# POWER QUALITY ANALYZER 3196

Power Measuring Instruments



## Investigate All Your Power Quality Problems

- Remote control and data collection via LAN modem
- A full range of clamp sensors  
(Seven models with ratings from 5 to 5000 A AC)
- PQA-HiVIEW PRO 9624-50 software for flexible PC analysis



- Power waveform observation
  - Abnormal waveform recording
  - Harmonic measurement
  - Flicker measurement
  - Power measurement
- All in a single unit !

**EN50160  
IEC61000-4-30**



**ISO 9001**  
JMI-0216



**ISO14001**  
JQA-E-90091



[www.hioki.com](http://www.hioki.com)

Hioki company overview, new products, environmental considerations and other information are available on our website.

**PQA-HiVIEW PRO 9624-50**  
**Compatible to 400Hz Circuits!**

# Capture all power anomalies without fail!

## Problems with power quality are all around us

### Have you ever experienced any of the following ?

- Flickering lights
- Light bulbs burn out quickly
- Electronic office equipment does not function properly
- Sometimes devices operate abnormally
- Overheating in facilities using condensers fitted with reactors
- 3E (electrical overload, reverse phase, or phase loss) relays sometimes trip

These types of problems and others are often due to degraded power quality.

### Discovering the cause can be difficult

The quickest way to solve power problems is to have a clear understanding of the cause, and be able to determine where the phenomenon occurred. However, it is not always possible to accurately grasp all of the various types of anomalies that may occur on power lines, even when using recording or harmonic analysis devices to investigate them.

Dedicated measuring instruments are required in order to accurately grasp these kinds of anomalies.

## Fully identify the many phenomena hiding in your power lines

Overlooking the smallest of power anomalies can lead to enormous financial loss. Checking the quality of your power lines is the best way to prevent problems before they occur.

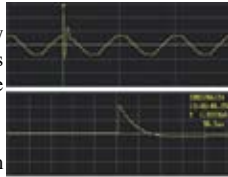
### ● Transient Overvoltage (Impulse)

#### Phenomenon :

Occurs due to lightning or circuit breaker/relay contact damage or closure. Often involves radical changes in voltage with high voltage peaks.

#### Damage :

In the vicinity of the event, high voltage often damages equipment power supplies or causes devices to reset.



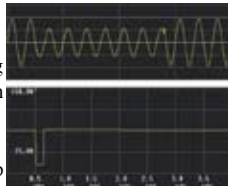
### ● Voltage Dip

#### Phenomenon :

Caused by momentary voltage drops resulting from large rush current in loads, such as when starting up a motor.

#### Damage :

The drop in voltage may cause devices to stop operating or reset.



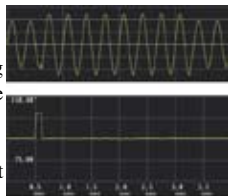
### ● Voltage Swell

#### Phenomenon :

Caused by lightning strikes or opening/closing power lines with heavy loads, causing the voltage to swell momentarily.

#### Damage :

The surge in voltage may damage equipment power supplies or cause devices to reset.



### ● Flicker (IEC, ΔV10)

#### Phenomenon :

Caused by blast furnaces, arc welding, and thyristor-controlled loads, and involving regularly repeated voltage impulses spanning one or more cycles.

#### Damage :

Because this phenomenon is cyclically repeated, it may cause lights to flicker or devices to malfunction.



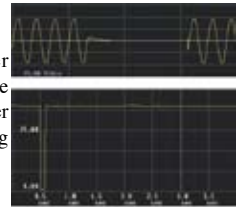
### ● Instantaneous interruptions

#### Phenomenon :

An instantaneous or short/long term power supply interruption caused by accidents at the power company (such as interruption of power transmission due to lightning strike) or tripping of breakers due to a power supply short.

#### Damage :

Thanks to the increasingly widespread adoption of uninterruptible power supplies, equipment such as computers is increasingly protected against this problem. However, it may still cause other devices to stop operating or reset.



### ● Harmonics

#### Phenomenon :

Often occurs due to voltage/current waveform distortion when a semiconductor control device is used in a device's power supply.

#### Damage :

When harmonic components become too large, they can cause serious malfunctions, such as overheating in motor transformers, or burn-out of reactors connected to phase advance capacitors.



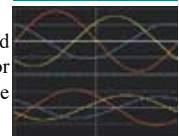
### ● Unbalance factor

#### Phenomenon :

Voltage/current waveform distortion and voltage drops or voltage phase reversals can occur when the load on a particular power line phase increases due to load fluctuations or imbalances.

#### Damage :

Voltage imbalance, reverse phase voltage, and harmonics can result in events such as uneven motor rotation, tripping of 3E breakers, and overheating due to transformer overloading.



The 3196 can simultaneously measure, record, and analyze all of the above phenomena.



# Supports data analysis with a wide range of functions!

## The 3196 measures, records and analyzes power line quality

### Features

- **Supports single-phase 2-wire, single-phase 3-wire, three-phase 3-wire and three-phase 4-wire systems.** Further, the unit has an **extra input channel providing enhanced analysis capabilities.**

An isolated CH4 terminal is provided for AC and DC measurement.

- Neutral line measurement you can use for ground fault detection!
- Analyze DC power supplies
- Performs simultaneous analysis of two isolated systems, such as single phase and three phase lines

- **Comes equipped with  $\Delta$ -Y and Y- $\Delta$  conversion functions**

Supports  $\Delta$ -Y voltage conversion for three-phase, 3-wire systems, and Y- $\Delta$  voltage conversion for three-phase, 4-wire systems. Selectable display of inter-line voltage and phase voltage.

- **Wide selection of clamp on current sensors**

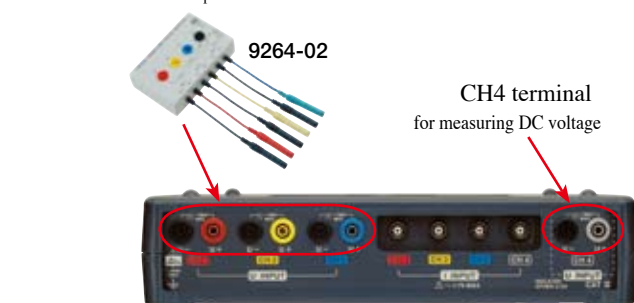
In addition to clamp-on current sensors Models **9660** (100 A), **9661** (500 A), **9669** (1000 A), and **9667** (5000 A, flexible), HIOKI also provides the **9694** (5 A) sensor, which is ideal for CT terminal measurement, as well as two other clamps for 5A leak measurement, Models **9657-10** and **9675**, to suit every application need.

- **Three-phase voltage wiring adapter (optional)**

Use the wiring adapter to simplify voltage wiring procedures.

- **9264-01** for three-phase, 3-wire systems
- **9264-02** for three-phase, 4-wire systems

\* The **9264-01/02** Wiring Adapters are designed to reduce voltage cord wiring to a bare minimum for use with specific power lines. Do not use with installations other than those specified.



- **External event input/output terminals**

#### Event output :

Outputs a signal when events occur-either as an alarm or device control signal.

#### Event input :

Accepts a trigger signal to initiate measurement.

- **Small and Lightweight**

Compact A4 size, and weighing only 2.25 kg (79.4 oz).

- **Optional printer for easy hard copy output**

Connect the optional the **PRINTER 9670** to the RS-232C terminal for easy hard copy output of screens.



Printing method : Thermal line dot  
 Printing width : 72 mm (2.83")  
 Printing speed : 47.5 mm/sec (1.87"/sec)  
 Power supply : **AC ADAPTER 9671** or the BATTERY PACK  
 Dimensions and mass : 119 (4.69") × 77 (3.03") × 174 (6.85") mm, approx. 500 g (17.6 oz.)

- **Full compatibility to 400Hz circuits**

(Please specify inspection data sheet requirements for 400 Hz test points at time of order.)

- **Simultaneous measurement and continuous processing**

All data are measured simultaneously and processing is performed continuously, so important fault data is not missed.

Further, transient overvoltages up to 2000 V with durations as low as 0.5  $\mu$ s are captured without fail.

- **Seven different display languages**

Select a display language from Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish, Italian or Chinese. You can switch between the different display languages to suit your location.

- **6.4-inch color LCD**

The unit uses a TFT color LCD screen, providing bright display with a wide viewing angle. The color display provides easy viewing of waveforms, both indoors and out.

- **Extended measurement of up to one month with internal memory**

The unit's internal memory (13 MB) supports up to one month of continuous recording.

\*The amount of time available for continuous measurement can be checked when setting the measurement interval.

\*Use a PC card to record at shorter measurement intervals over longer periods in conjunction with the internal memory.

Storage Media	Storage of Events (Usage capacity)	Interval time	Power Saving RMS only	P&Harm Saving RMS + harmonics	ALL DATA Save all data
Internal Memory Time Series: 5MB Fixed Events: 8MB Fixed	Max. 100 (approx. 8MB)	1 s	2 h 01 m	8 m	5 m
		1 m	5 days 1 hour	8 h 29 m	5 h 45 m
		1 h	31 days	21 days 5 h	14 days 9 h
PC Card (256MB)	When storing 100 (approx. 8MB)	1 m	31 days [249 days]	17 days 9 h	11 days 19 h
	Max. 1000 (approx. 81MB)	1 m	31 days [166 days]	11 days 14 h	7 days 20 h
	Max. 1000 (approx. 81MB)	1 s	2 days 18 h	4 h 38 m	3 h 8 m

\*When recording Time Series data, select MAX/MIN/AVE

\*Refer to the specifications for details regarding the recordable items.

\*Max. continuous save: 31 days

\*During the measurement period, all dips, swells and interruptions are calculated.

- **PC card slot**

Flash ATA cards up to 528 MB can be used to allow more detailed data collection.

Compact flash cards can also be used with an adapter.

- **LAN and RS-232C interfaces**

The **3196** features an HTTP server to enable easy configuration and data analysis through a Web browser from a remote location.

- **Synchronize the 3196 clock**

Connect the optional the **GPS Box XD112** to make sure the time recorded for measured events is based on the global standard time.



Set includes antenna and RS-232C cable

- **Two types of carrying case available (optional)**

Choose from the soft (**9339**) or hard (**9340**) carrying case and measure while the **3196** is safely stored.



The top side of the case holds the **3196**.

Model **9339**  
soft case



The bottom side of the case holds accessories.



# Real-time data display for power supplies

## Display waveform, vector, DMM, and harmonic data in real-time

The VIEW screen displays voltage/current waveforms, vector diagrams, DMM values (voltage, current, and power), and harmonic data. All data can be measured and processed simultaneously, and power conditions such as distortion factor, K factor, and the unbalance factor for three-phase lines can be monitored using the various data displays.

## Connect the 3196 to a power source to display power line data in real-time

### All power line conditions can be monitored from the VIEW screen!

#### ■ Display data in real-time

- 1. Waveform display (voltage/current display, 4-channel voltage display, 4-channel current display)
- 2. Vector display
- 3. DMM display (power, voltage, and current displays)
- 4. Harmonics (graph and list displays)

#### ■ Power management through a rich array of information

- 1. Check the distortion of power waveforms using electronic devices and electrical overloads.
- 2. Manage the phase of power lines. Check the phase and wiring of the VT (PT) and CT terminals.
- 3. Manage, maintain and check the unbalance factor, peak values, and distortion factor of power lines.
- 4. Assess and develop countermeasures to prevent the occurrence of harmonic power flow.

## Check for proper instrument connection using the numerical value or vector display

Connect the 3196 to the power line to be monitored while viewing the connection diagram. Upon connection, you can confirm voltage, current, and power values. Further, through the vector display, you can verify proper connection of clamp-on current sensors to the VT (PT) and CT terminals.

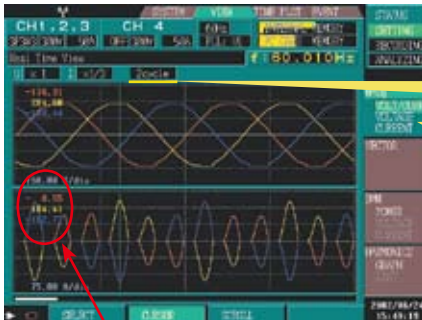


View the phases



## Waveform display

This displays the voltage and current waveforms for each phase. Waveform display makes it easy to understand distortion conditions that (as with harmonics) are difficult to grasp from numerical values alone.



Select a waveform display range of 2, 4, 10, or 12 cycles.

Display either dual screens for voltage and current, or waveforms for individual voltage and current phases.

The cursor value is displayed.

## DMM display

This displays detailed data for voltage, current, and power. View the data necessary for power management or maintenance and inspection of power lines at a single glance.



Detailed values for voltage, current and power are displayed.

## Vector display

This displays the voltage and current vectors for each phase, as well as RMS values and phase angles as numerical values. Easily check the phase of three-phase lines and harmonics.



Displays the unbalance factor when measuring three-phase power lines. (For 3P3W3M and 3P4W settings)

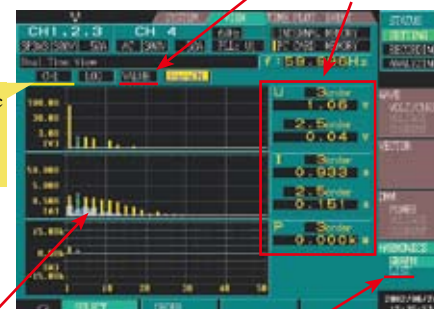
Display the fundamental voltage waveform for the 1st order (U1, U2, and U3) as a phase angle of 360° as a standard.  
Ideal for checking three-phase power lines.

## Harmonics display

This displays harmonics and inter-harmonics data in a graph or list. You can also display the phase difference for each harmonic order, and work out the current direction for harmonics.

You can select all of the connected channels.

The harmonic order cursor value is displayed.



Inter-harmonics display (light blue)

Detailed numerical data for up to the 50th harmonic order is displayed in a list.

# Capture anomalies while using time series measurement to monitor power lines

## Simultaneous time series monitoring for RMS fluctuations, voltage fluctuations, harmonics fluctuations, and flickering

RMS fluctuation, voltage fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, and flicker (IEC and  $\Delta V_{10}$ ) time series data is displayed on the TIME PLOT screen. In addition to cursor measurement, you can enlarge events that occur in the voltage fluctuation event screen if a voltage dip, swell, or instantaneous interruption event occurs during the measurement period.

### Simply set the interval and start time series measurement to display events in the fluctuation graph

Time series fluctuation results are displayed in the TIME PLOT screen

Continuous data calculation processing of all data without fail!

#### ■ All measurement results are automatically recorded

- 1. RMS fluctuation (dual screen display selection)
- 2. Voltage fluctuation (interval and event displays)
- 3. Harmonic fluctuation (harmonics and inter-harmonics displays)
- 4. Flicker (graph and list displays)
  - Pst and Plt measurement conditions according to IEC standards
  - $\Delta V_{10}$  measurement (according to Japanese domestic guidelines)

#### ■ Calculation method for measured data

- 1. **RMS fluctuations/Harmonic fluctuations** : Values are calculated continuously every 200 ms. The maximum, minimum, and average values are those applicable within the specified interval.
- 2. **Voltage fluctuations** : Values are calculated for a single waveform shifted by a half wave. The maximum and minimum values are those applicable within the specified interval. Detailed measurement of voltage fluctuations is possible because values are calculated every half wave.
- 3. **Flicker** : Values are calculated in accordance using calculation methods defined in the IEC and  $\Delta V_{10}$  standards.

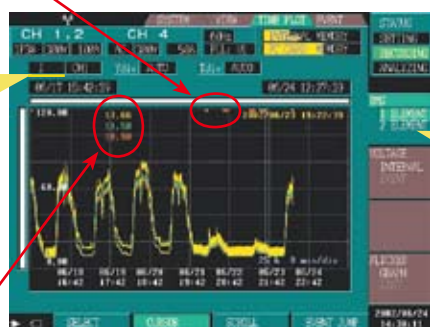
In addition to displaying the various measurements in fluctuation graphs, the 3196 also displays the maximum, minimum, and average values for each specified interval.

Further, when the 3196 captures a power anomaly, an event marker appears in the upper part of the graph.

### RMS fluctuation display

When a power anomaly occurs during measurement, the event is indicated using the ▼ marker.

All RMS measurement items can be selected for display.



Dual screen display is possible for combinations such as voltage and current.

Cursor values (maximum, minimum, and average values for the specified interval) are displayed.

### Harmonic fluctuation display

You can specify display of up to six harmonic orders.



Cursor values are displayed for the specified orders.

### Voltage fluctuation display

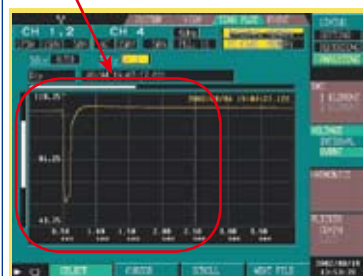
Cursor values (maximum and minimum values for the specified interval) are displayed.



Even when a long interval is set, momentary voltage fluctuations are accurately captured.

Markers are displayed in blue. (▼ marker)

**Event display**  
When an event such as a dip, swell, or instantaneous interruption occurs, the time axis is enlarged on the event screen.



### Flicker display

#### IEC flicker display

Displays the Pst and Plt values as a graph once every ten minutes.



The Pst and Plt cursor values are displayed.

Displays a list of detailed data for Pst and Plt values once every ten minutes.

No.	Time	Pst	Plt
1	01:00:00	0.238	0.411
2	01:10:00	0.302	0.400
3	01:20:00	0.337	0.410
4	01:30:00	0.229	0.410
5	01:40:00	0.304	0.388
6	01:50:00	0.331	0.388
7	02:00:00	0.318	0.388
8	02:10:00	0.386	0.370
9	02:20:00	0.420	0.388
10	02:30:00	0.324	0.388



You can capture a variety of power anomalies by setting the individual trigger levels on the event setting screen. Captured data is displayed in the event list. This enables you to quickly confirm **detailed data for phenomena (such as date/time, waveforms, RMS values, and harmonics)**, that are the source of problems, and effectively assess the cause of the problem.

## Make event trigger settings and start measurement!

- Set thresholds along with other settings. You can make threshold settings while monitoring the actual input level, input waveform, and harmonics graph.



- You can confirm the current input level.

When using the unit's internal memory to save events, up to 100 events are automatically saved, or up to 1000 events when using a PC card.

The screenshot shows the WinBox interface with the 'Log' window open. The 'Log' window displays a list of events with columns for No., Date, Time, and Event Category. A red arrow points to the 'Log' window, and a yellow arrow points to the 'Event Category' column. The 'Log' window shows events such as 'FF', 'Inter', 'Swail', 'Swail', 'Inter', 'Trans', 'U-30', 'Wave', 'U-30', and 'Starts'. The 'Log' window is also titled 'Log' and has a 'List' button. The 'Log' window is also titled 'Log' and has a 'List' button.

Confirm values using the cursor.



The screenshot shows a Spectrum Analyzer interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'CH 1', 'CH 2', and 'SPAN'. The 'CH 1' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there are various parameters and settings. A yellow box highlights a peak in the spectrum. A red circle highlights the frequency and amplitude data for the selected peak, which is 1.60045 Hz and 1.00000 dBm.

Enlarge the transient waveform display.

# Remote measurement is simplified using the HTTP server function

## Real-time measurement/control and download measurement data over the Worldwide Web

### The HTTP server function as a standard feature makes remote measurement even more convenient

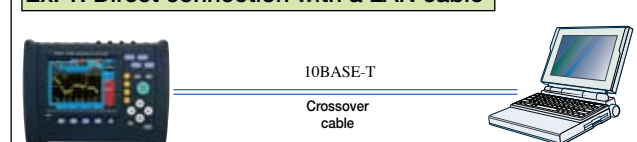
You can perform remote observation and control using an ordinary Web browser, such as Internet Explorer, without the need for special software. Further, you can download measurement data that has been saved onto a PC card.

## Using the 3196 and your PC, you can observe power anomalies at remote locations and analyze measurement data

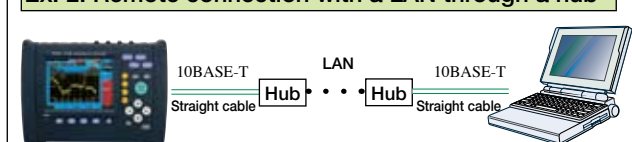
### Choose from a variety of network measurement plans

By connecting a PC to the 3196, you can set up various types of network measurement systems through a LAN or RS-232C interface.

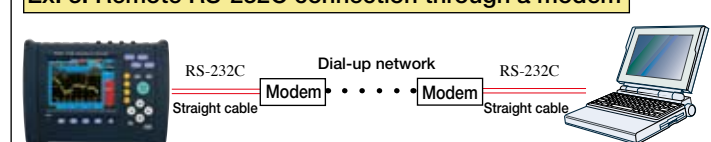
#### Ex. 1. Direct connection with a LAN cable



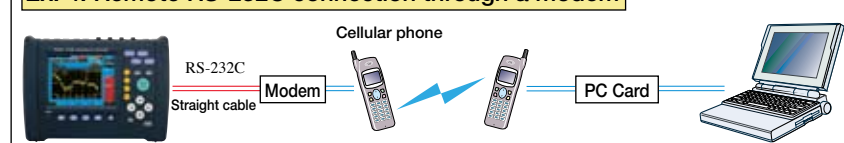
#### Ex. 2. Remote connection with a LAN through a hub



#### Ex. 3. Remote RS-232C connection through a modem



#### Ex. 4. Remote RS-232C connection through a modem



### Transfer Measurement Data to Your PC

Data saved in Binary/Text/BMP formats in the PC Card or internal memory of the 3196 can easily be transferred to your PC using the freeware Down96, supplied with your purchase or downloadable from the HIOKI website. (Compatible with 3196 version 1.21 or later)

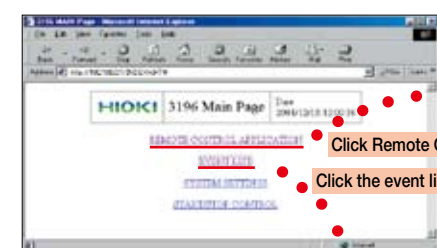
Note: To further analyze binary data, use the optional PQA HiVIEW Pro 9624-50 application software.

## View the 3196 screen on your PC as soon as you open the remote application from your Web browser!

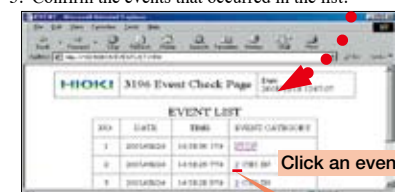
1. Enter the IP address of the 3196 on the browser to display the main screen.

2. A display screen and operation keys identical to those for the 3196 appear, allowing full control of remote operation.

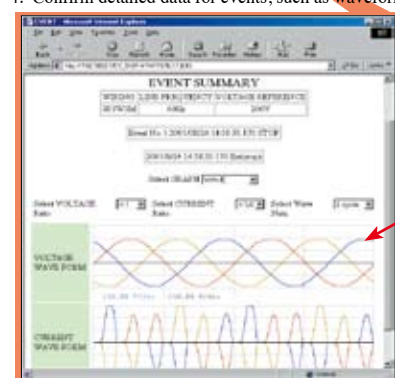
Because the various key operations are identical to those for the 3196, the keys are easy to use.



3. Confirm the events that occurred in the list.



4. Confirm detailed data for events, such as waveforms.



### Convenient Feature

5. You can also convert waveform data into text. Click the waveform data. Microsoft Excel starts, and you can save the text data for the waveforms.

6. Using the report creation function, you can paste the event screen displayed into Microsoft Word®.

\* When Microsoft Word is selected as the Internet Explorer HTML editor, Compatible with Microsoft Word 97 or later.



# Easy-to-Use Application Software Package for Further Data Analysis

## PQA-HiVIEW PRO 9624-50

### Features

#### ■ Viewer function

Use this function to display screens similar to those used for the 3196.

Select from the **TIME PLOT screen** (voltage fluctuation, RMS fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, inter-harmonic fluctuation), **event list screen**, **event data screen** (waveforms, vectors, DMM, harmonics, event details),  **$\Delta V_{10}$  screen** (Japanese standard), or **settings screen**. In the TIME PLOT screen, and use the two cursors (A and B) to calculate waveforms within a specified interval.

#### ■ Demand/integral power consumption function

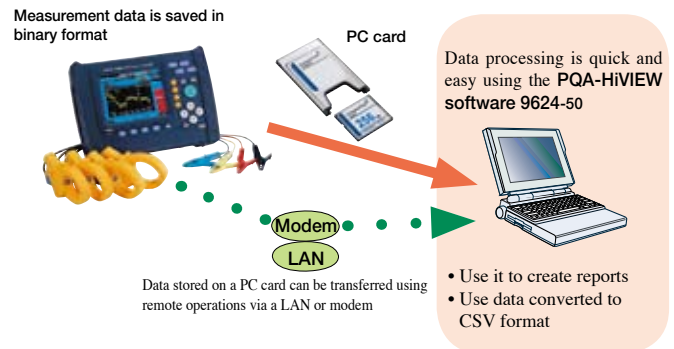
Calculate demand and integral power consumption from TIME PLOT data for effective power.

#### ■ Binary CSV format conversion function

**Convert binary data into CSV format** for event waveforms within the specified range in the TIME PLOT screen or event waveforms selected in the event waveform screen. Files saved in CSV format can be used with spreadsheet software on your PC.

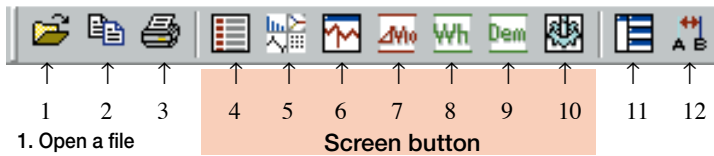
#### ■ Print function

Use this function in each screen to output reports to a printer connected to your PC.



## 1. Load measurement data and then select the desired display from the toolbar

1. After loading the data, the possible displays are shown on the toolbar



1. Open a file
2. Copy (a screen)
3. Print
4. Event list screen
5. Event data screen
6. TIME PLOT screen
7.  $\Delta V_{10}$  screen
8. Integral power consumption screen
9. Demand screen
10. Settings screen
11. Arrange windows
12. A and B cursors

2. Display multiple 3196 screens simultaneously on your PC, and make calculations and analyses using cursors

#### ■ TIME PLOT screen

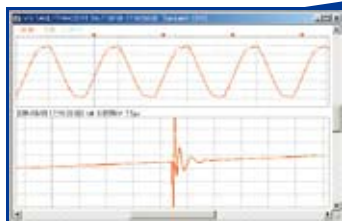
This screen enables you to select four different types of data, including RMS fluctuation, voltage fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, and inter-harmonic fluctuation data, and display the data in graphs corresponding to the TIME PLOT screen of the 3196.

#### ■ Spot analysis using the cursor

Conduct spot analysis of time series data using the A and B cursors.

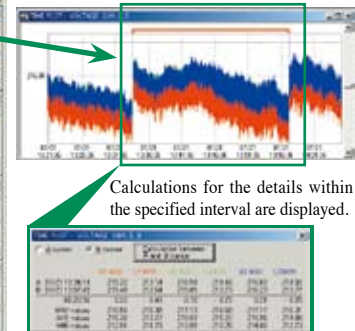
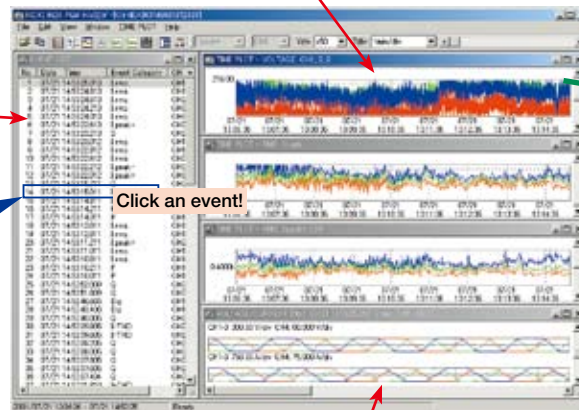
#### ■ Event list screen

This screen displays an event list corresponding to the event list on the 3196.



#### ■ Event data screen

1. Displays detailed data for the event that you selected in the event list.
2. Displays nine different screens that correspond to the VIEW screen on the 3196, such as the waveform, vector, harmonics, and DMM screens.



View power, voltage, and current data at a single glance in the DMM screen!

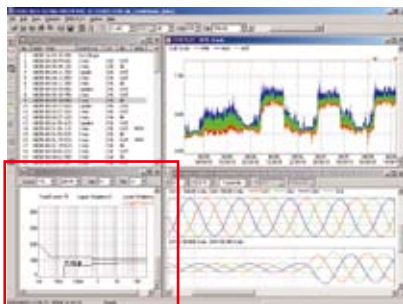




## ■ ITIC curve display function

Make ITIC (CBEMA) curve analyses (limit curve) based on the power quality control standards of the U.S.A.

\* Change the upper or lower limit of the curve as desired.



## ■ EN50160 display functions

(applicable standard is EN50160:1999)

Effectively evaluate and analyze the quality of power according to EU standards.



## ■ Downloading from LAN

Data (BINARY/TEXT/BMP) recorded on a PC card or the internal memory of the 3196 can be downloaded via LAN to a personal computer. (\*This can be done without use of the freeware Down96. Measurement on the 3196 must be halted during download.)

## ■ Report generation function

Choose from 3 types of report generation settings to take care of all the troublesome reporting operations, and either send the data to a printer or save as a Rich Text file. (Automatic: Output basic items. Individual setting: Select any item for output. Detailed setting: Specify a time-series graph in details for output.)

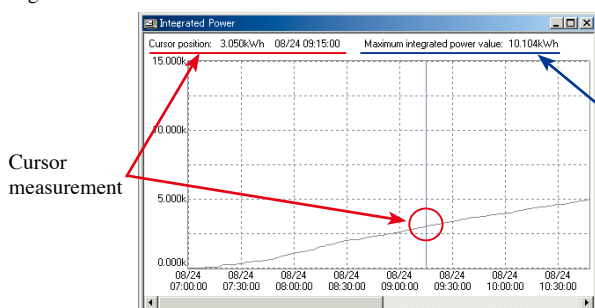
## ■ Positive phase, negative phase, and zero phase function

Recalculate event data captured by 3P4W circuits, and display each component of the voltage/current of the positive phase, negative phase, and zero phase.

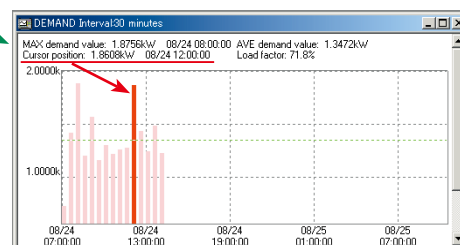
## Analyze power consumption and demand using acquired data

### ■ Integral power consumption analysis and demand analysis screens

These screens allow you to calculate measurement data and display it in the integral power consumption graph or demand graph. (Use them to display the maximum demand, average demand, and load ratio values.) Further, you can confirm the power data for a specific interval using the cursor function.



General power consumption is displayed.



## Quickly print reports and apply data

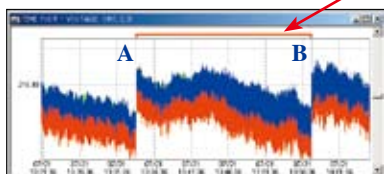
### ■ CSV format conversion function

Convert data displayed in the TIME PLOT or event waveform screen into CSV format. Converted data can be used with spreadsheet software on your PC.

#### Convenient Feature

Specify a range using the **A and B cursors**, and convert the data within that range into CSV format.

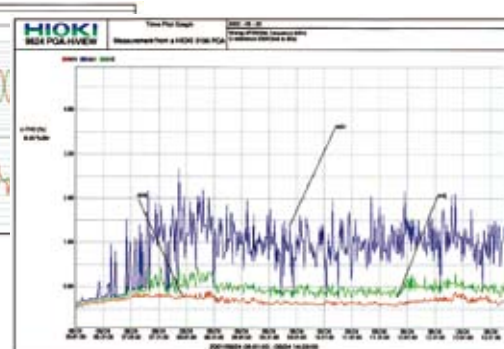
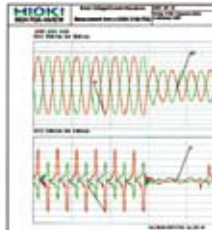
The interval between the A and B cursors is displayed in red.



### ■ Print function

Print a hard copy of the event list screen, event data screen,  $\Delta V_{10}$  screen, integral power consumption screen, or demand screen, one at a time. In the TIME PLOT screen, you can collect all of the screens that are currently open and print them on a single sheet.

Print example: Event waveform screen printed on A4 paper



Print example: TIME PLOT screen (U-THD RMS fluctuation) printed on A4 paper

## 9624-50 Specifications

### -1. Function specifications

#### Data loading functions

**Data that can be loaded** : Binary data recorded using the **3196** SET files (Settings data), ITV files (TIME PLOT data), EVT files (Event data (lists, voltage and current waveforms, transient waveforms, numerical values), FLC files (Flicker

data (AV10, IEC)), TRN files (Transient waveforms), EN50160. files (EN50160 data), EVENT.EN files (EN50160 Event data)

**Maximum data capacity** : Up to 528 MB

#### Data display functions

##### SYSTEM display function

**Screen display** : SYSTEM (settings) content screen

##### TIME PLOT display function

**Screen display** : RMS fluctuation, voltage fluctuation, harmonic fluctuation, inter-harmonic fluctuation

**Number of display screens** : Up to 4 screens

**Cursor function** : A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

##### EVENT list display function

**Screen display** : EVENT list content display

**Display method selection** : Order events occurred in, or order of priority

##### EVENT data display function

**Display function** : Display the event data selected in the EVENT list display screen

**Screen display** : Display one of the following screens ((1) to (4))

(1) **Waveform display** : Select from the voltage/current waveform, 4-channel voltage waveform, 4-channel current waveform, and voltage/transient overvoltage waveform displays.

(2) **Vector display** : Select from the harmonic RMS value and phase angle displays.

(3) **DMM display** : Displays power, voltage, and current values.

(4) **Harmonics display** : Select from the harmonics bar graph and list displays.

**Cursor function** : A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided) for the waveform display screen

##### Positive/ Negative/ Zero phase calculation function

: Display voltage and current of the positive phase, negative phase, and zero phase. (In vector display screen, this is conducted during the 3P4W wiring analysis.)

##### Flicker graph Display function

**Screen display** : ΔV10 Flicker graph or IEC Flicker graph

**Cursor function** : A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

##### EVENT voltage fluctuation graph Display function

**Cursor function** : A and B cursors (interval calculation function provided)

#### Integral power consumption calculation function

**Settings** : Analysis start time/period : Set the year, month, day, hours, minutes, and seconds. /1 to 31 days

##### Display method and calculation items :

Integral power consumption graph, Integral power consumption (consumption + regeneration, and cursor measurement functions provided), Maximum integral power consumption (final integral power consumption for the specified analysis period)

#### Demand calculation function

**Settings** : Analysis start time/period : Set the year, month, day, hours, minutes, and seconds. /1 to 31 days

Demand interval settings : 5, 10, or 30 minutes, 1, 2, 3, 6, or 12 hours

##### Display method and calculation items :

Demand graph (for consumption only), Average demand (average demand value for the specified analysis period), Maximum demand (maximum demand value for the specified analysis period), Load ratio (average demand/maximum demand × 100 [%])

#### ITIC curve display function

**Display function** : Plot event points on limited value curve (points indicating swell/dip/interruption occurrence period and voltage)

**Percent of nominal voltage** : Maximum swell voltage or residual voltage ratio against official voltage

**Violation count display** : Number of upper-limit violations, number of lower-limit violations, and total number of events

**Limit curve selection** : ITIC curve or user-defined curve (any setting)

#### EN50160 display function

**Screen display** : Overview/Harmonic/Signaling/Measurement result sorting

#### Copy function

**Copy content** : Saves the various screens in BMP format

#### Print function

**Print format**: Prints screen images, **Paper size**: A4 and Letter, **Print preview**: Yes

#### CSV format conversion function

**Screens that can be converted** : TIME PLOT and event waveform screens

**Conversion settings** : Specified interval conversion (TIME PLOT screen only)  
Conversion setting selection (TIME PLOT screen only)

#### Report creation function

**Output format** : Output setting contents can be printed, or saved as a rich text file.

(1) **Automatic output** : RMS voltage fluctuation graph, worst case, maximum/minimum list, total harmonic voltage distortion graph, Overview and Signaling data of EN50160, and all event detail list.

(2) **Arbitrary output** : Includes, in addition to automatic output, RMS current fluctuation graph, transient waveform, total harmonic current distortion graph, Harmonic and result classification data of the EN50160, and settings list.

(3) **Detailed output** : Voltage fluctuation, RMS fluctuation, harmonics fluctuation, and interharmonics fluctuation.

#### Settings save function

Save user-defined curves, setting for sorting measurement result, report setting, etc.

#### Download function

Download data from the **3196** via LAN.

### -2. Basic specifications

**Supplied accessories** : CD-R × 1

**Operating environment** : PC/AT-compatible devices

**OS** : English or Japanese versions of the following

- Microsoft Windows 95 (**9624** only, OSR2 or later versions only supported, Internet Explorer 3 or later required)
- Microsoft Windows 98, Me, NT 4.0, 2000 or XP

**Memory** : At least 128 MB

## 3196 Specifications

### -1. Measurement and recording items

Recording item	Power	P&Harm	ALL_D	Recording item	Power	P&Harm	ALL_D
Transient overvoltage	○	○	○	Voltage unbalance factor	○	○	○
Voltage swell	○	○	○	Current unbalance factor	○	○	○
Voltage dip	○	○	○	Harmonic voltage	×	○	○
Instantaneous interruption	○	○	○	Harmonic current	×	○	○
Frequency	○	○	○	Harmonic power	×	○	○
RMS voltage	○	○	○	Harmonic voltage-current phase difference	×	○	○
RMS current	○	○	○	Inter-harmonic voltage	×	×	○
Voltage peak	○	○	○	Inter-harmonic current	×	×	○
Current peak	○	○	○	Total harmonic voltage distortion factor	○	○	○
Effective power	○	○	○	Total harmonic current distortion factor	○	○	○
Apparent power	○	○	○	Total inter-harmonic voltage distortion factor	×		○
Reactive power	○	○	○	Total inter-harmonic current distortion factor	×	×	○
Power factor/Displacement power factor	○	○	○	K factor	○	○	○
				Flicker (ΔV10/Pst, Plt)	○	○	○

\* Select from a total of six different patterns when recording data. These consist of three available data patterns (Power, P&Harm, or ALL DATA), combined with two patterns, AVE and ALL (maximum, minimum, and average), of detailed data for each measurement item.

### -2. Basic specifications

**Power quality measurement standards conformance** : IEC61000-4-30:2003, IEEE1159, EN50160:1999

**Clock functions** : Auto calendar, auto leap year, 24-hour clock

**Real-time clock accuracy** : Within ±0.3 s/day (when the 3196 is turned on)

**Internal memory capacity for data** : 13 MB (time series and event data)

**Maximum recording interval** : 1 month (internal memory)

**Measurement time control** : Manual/Specified time

#### Time series data settings

**Recording item setting patterns** : Power, P&Harm, and ALL DATA

**MAX/MIN/AVE values** : AVE values, ALL values (maximum, minimum, and average values)

**Interval selections** : 1, 3, 15, or 30 seconds, 1, 5, 10, 15, or 30 minutes, 1 or 2 hours

#### Event settings

**Event settings** : All measurement settings except flicker and inter-harmonics

**Event threshold value setting** : OFF or desired numerical value

**Maximum number of recording events** : 100 (internal memory)  
(Simultaneous events count as 1 event.)

**Power supply** : 12 V DC from the AC ADAPTER 9458 or BATTERY PACK 9459

**Maximum rated power** : 40 VA

**Continuous operating time with battery** : Approximately 30 minutes  
(Battery pack 9459)

**External dimensions** : Approximately 298W (11.73") × 215H (8.46") × 67D (2.64") mm (not including projections)

**Mass** : Approximately 2.25 kg (79.4 oz.) (including Battery pack 9459)



# 3196 Specifications

(Guaranteed accuracy period : 6 months / Certain specifications vary when measuring 400Hz circuits. Please inquire with your HIOKI distributor for details.)

## -3. Input specifications

<b>Measurement line types:</b>	Single-phase 2-wire, Single-phase 3-wire, Three-phase 3-wire (3P3W2M, 3P3W3M) or Three-phase 4-wire, plus one extra input channel
<b>Input channels</b>	: Voltage : 4 channels (U1 to U4) (channel U4 can be switched between AC and DC) Current : 4 channels (I1 to I4)
<b>Input methods</b>	: Voltage between U1, U2, and U3 without inter-channel isolation Voltage between U1 to U3 and U4 with inter-channel isolation Current input by clamp-on sensor
<b>Input resistance</b>	: Voltage : 4 MΩ ±10% (differential input) Current : 200 kΩ ±10%
<b>Measurement method</b>	: Simultaneous digital sampling of voltage and current PLL synchronization (automatically switches to fixed clock during dropouts, so sampling is never interrupted)
<b>PLL synchronization channel source</b>	: Voltage at either U1, U2, or U3
<b>PLL synchronization frequency range</b>	: 42.5 to 69 Hz
<b>Sampling frequency</b>	: For calculations (including DC measurement) : 256 points/cycle : 256 points/8 cycles (for 400 Hz) For harmonic and inter-harmonic analysis : 2048 points/10 cycles (for 50 Hz) : 2048 points/12 cycles (for 60 Hz) : 2048 points/80cycles (for 400 Hz)
	: For transient overvoltage (impulse) : 2 MHz
<b>A/D converter resolution</b>	: For calculations (including DC measurement) : 16 bits For transient overvoltage (impulse) : 12 bits
<b>Voltage measurement range</b>	: Channels 1 to 3 : 150.00, 300.00, 600.00 Vrms Channel 4 : 60.000, 150.00, 300.00, 600.00 Vrms ±60.000, 600.00 V pk (DC measurement)
<b>Voltage crest factor</b>	: 3 or less
<b>Current measurement range</b>	: With Model 9694 sensor : 5.0000, 50.000 Arms With Model 9660 sensor : 50.000, 100.00 Arms With Model 9661 sensor : 50.000, 500.00 Arms With Model 9667 sensor : 50.000, 500.00 A or 500.00 A, 5.0000 kArms With Model 9669 sensor : 100.00 A, 1.0000 kArms
<b>Current crest factor</b>	: 4 or less

## -4. Measurement specifications

(For specifications when measuring 400Hz circuits, please inquire with your HIOKI distributor.)

### RMS voltage

<b>Measurement method</b>	: True RMS (calculated continuously every 10 or 12 cycles at 50 or 60 Hz respectively)
<b>Range selection</b>	: Manual (channels 1 to 3 are set in the same operation)
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: AC : ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. DC : ±0.3% rdg. ±0.4% f.s.

### RMS current

<b>Measurement method</b>	: True RMS (calculated continuously every 10 or 12 cycles at 50 or 60 Hz respectively)
<b>Range selection</b>	: Manual (channels 1 to 3 are set in the same operation)
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy

### Transient overvoltage (impulse)

<b>Measurement method</b>	: 2 MHz sampling
<b>Measurement range</b>	: 2000 Vpk
<b>Display items</b>	: 4 ms waveform (2 ms before and after center peak)
<b>Period</b>	: Period exceeding threshold (max. 4 ms)
<b>Minimum detectable duration</b>	: 0.5 μs
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±5.0% rdg. ±20 V (1000 V DC and 700 Vrms/100 kHz)

### Voltage swell (rise in RMS voltage)

<b>Measurement method</b>	: True RMS (a single cycle is calculated by overlapping each half cycle) (The voltage between lines is measured for three phase 3-wire lines, and phase voltage is measured for three phase 4-wire lines.)
<b>Display items</b>	: Amplitude and duration of swell
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: Same as RMS voltage

### Voltage dip (drop in RMS voltage)

<b>Measurement method</b>	: True RMS (a single cycle is calculated by overlapping each half cycle) (The voltage between lines is measured for three phase 3-wire lines, and phase voltage is measured for three phase 4-wire lines.)
<b>Display items</b>	: Amplitude and duration of dip
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: Same as RMS voltage

### Instantaneous Interruption

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Same as voltage dip
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### Frequency

<b>Measurement range</b>	: 42.500 to 69.000 Hz
<b>Measurement source</b>	: Voltage (same as the PLL synchronization source)
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±10 mHz (10 to 110% of range, with sine wave)

### Active power

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Calculated continuously every 10 or 12 cycles at 50 or 60 Hz respectively
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±0.2% rdg. ±0.1% f.s. + clamp-on sensor accuracy

### Reactive power

<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±1 dgt. from the calculation of each measurement value (±3 dgt. for the sum)
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### Power factor

<b>Measurement range</b>	: -1.000 (lead) to 0.000 to +1.000 (lag)
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±1 dgt. from the calculation of each measurement value (±3 dgt. for the sum)

### Displacement power factor

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Calculated from the phase difference between the fundamental waveforms of voltage and current
<b>Measurement range</b>	: -1.000 (lead) to 0.000 to +1.000 (lag)
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. ±1 dgt.(±3 dgt. for the sum)

### Voltage unbalance factor

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Calculation for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W3M) and three phase 4-wire fundamental waveforms of voltage
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### Current unbalance factor

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Calculation for three-phase 3-wire (3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire fundamental waveforms of current
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### ΔV10 flicker

<b>Display items</b>	: ΔV10, ΔV10 (average over one hour, fourth maximum over one hour, maximum over one hour, overall maximum (during the measurement period)), ΔU (deviation with respect to nominal voltage)
<b>Standard voltage: Auto</b>	: Same operation as AGC for IEC flicker
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±2% rdg.

### IEC flicker (short period flicker Pst, long period flicker Plt)

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Per IEC61000-4-15 Pst is measured for 10 minutes, and Plt is measured for 2 hours
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: ±5% rdg. or less of the limit value

### Harmonic voltage, current and power (including fundamental waveform components)

<b>Analysis window</b>	: Rectangular
<b>Analysis orders</b>	: 1 to 50
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: Voltage/current : 1st to 20th orders : ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. : 21st to 50th orders : ±1.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. Power : 1st to 20th orders : ±0.5% rdg. ±0.2% f.s. : 21st to 30th orders : ±1.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. : 31st to 40th orders : ±2.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. : 41st to 50th orders : ±3.0% rdg. ±0.3% f.s. (for 50/60 Hz, clamp-on sensor accuracy must be included for current and power)

### Inter-harmonic voltage and current

<b>Analysis window</b>	: Rectangular
<b>Analysis orders</b>	: 0.5 to 49.5

### Harmonic voltage/current phase difference (including fundamental waveform content)

<b>Measurement method</b>	: Difference between voltage and current phase angle components
<b>Display items</b>	: Sum of all or multiple channels
<b>Measurement accuracy</b>	: 1st to 3rd orders : ±2° 4th to 50th orders : ±(0.02° × k+2°), k = harmonic order (for 50/60 Hz, clamp-on sensor accuracy must be included for current and power)

## -5. Display specifications

<b>Display device</b>	: 6.4" TFT color LCD (640 × 480 dots)
<b>Text display</b>	: English, German, French, Italian, Spanish, Chinese or Japanese





## -6. External interface specifications


<b>(1) External control terminals</b>	: External event input and output
<b>(2) PC card interface Slot</b>	: Compliant with PCMCIA/JEIDA PC Card Standard, Type II slot × 1
<b>Compatible cards</b>	: Flash ATA cards up to 528 MB
<b>(3) RS-232C interface</b>	: Standard : EIA RS-232C-compliant (with 9-pin D-sub connector)
<b>Destination device</b>	: Printer or modem or GPS
<b>Printer interval selections</b>	: OFF, 1, 5, 10, or 30 minutes, 1 or 2 hours
<b>(4) LAN interface</b>	: Communications protocol : Ethernet and TCP/IP (with 10BASE-T RJ-45 connector)

## -7. Environment & safety specifications

<b>Operating environment</b>	: Indoors, up to a height of 2000 m (6562.2 ft)
<b>Storage temperature &amp; humidity</b>	: -20 to 50°C, max. 80% rh (non-condensating)
<b>Operating temperature and humidity</b>	: 0 to 40°C, max. 80% rh (non-condensating)
<b>Maximum measurement terminal voltage</b>	: Voltage terminals : 780 Vrms AC, 1103 V peak Current terminals : 1.7 Vrms AC, 2.4 V peak
<b>Maximum in-phase voltage</b>	: 600 Vrms AC (50/60 Hz, voltage input terminals)
<b>Withstand voltage</b>	: 5.55 kVrms AC/1 min (50/60 Hz, 1 mA current sensitivity) Between voltage and clamp input terminals, between the voltage input terminal and 3196 casing, and between voltage input terminals (U1 to U3) and voltage input terminal (U4)
<b>Enclosure protection</b>	: IP30 (per EN60529)
<b>Standards conformance</b>	: EMC : EN61326 CLASS A, EN61000-3-2 and EN61000-3-3 Safety : EN61010 Voltage input unit : Contamination Level 2, Measurement Category III (Anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V)

## Option Specifications

Clamp On Sensors	9694	9660	9661	9669
Appearance	 Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) CAT III 300V	 Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) CAT III 300V	 Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) CAT III 600V	 Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) CAT III 600V
Primary current rating	5A AC	100 A AC	500 A AC	1000 A AC
Output voltage	10 mV/A AC	1 mV/A AC	1 mV/A AC	0.5 mV/A AC
Accuracy (45 to 66 Hz)	Amplitude: $\pm 0.3\%$ rdg, $\pm 0.02\%$ f.s. Phase: $\pm 2^\circ$ or less	Amplitude: $\pm 0.3\%$ rdg, $\pm 0.02\%$ f.s. Phase: $\pm 1^\circ$ or less ( $\pm 1.3^\circ$ for 90 A or more)	Amplitude: $\pm 0.3\%$ rdg, $\pm 0.01\%$ f.s. Phase: $\pm 0.5^\circ$ or less	Amplitude: $\pm 1.0\%$ rdg, $\pm 0.01\%$ f.s. Phase: $\pm 1^\circ$ or less
Frequency characteristic	$\pm 1.0\%$ or less for 66 Hz to 5 kHz (deviation from specified accuracy)			$\pm 2.0\%$ or less for 66 Hz to 5 kHz (deviation from specified accuracy)
Effect of external magnetic field	Corresponding to 0.1 A or less (with magnetic field of 400 A/m AC)			Corresponding to 1 A or less (with magnetic field of 400 A/m AC)
Effect of conductor position	$\pm 0.5\%$ or less			$\pm 1.5\%$ or less
Maximum rated voltage to earth	300 Vrms (insulated conductor)	300 Vrms (insulated conductor)	600 Vrms (insulated conductor)	600 Vrms (insulated conductor)
Maximum allowable input (45 to 66 Hz)	50 A continuous	130 A continuous	550 A continuous	1000 A continuous
Measurable conductor diameter	$\phi 15$ mm (0.59") or less	$\phi 15$ mm (0.59") or less	$\phi 46$ mm (1.81") or less	$\phi 55$ mm (2.17") or less, 80 (3.15") $\times$ 20 (0.79") mm busbar
Dimensions and weight	46W (1.81") $\times$ 135H (5.31") $\times$ 21D (0.83") mm, 230 g (8.1 oz.)	46W (1.81") $\times$ 135H (5.31") $\times$ 21D (0.83") mm, 230 g (8.1 oz.)	77W (3.03") $\times$ 151H (5.94") $\times$ 42D (1.65") mm, 360g (12.7 oz.)	99.5W (3.92") $\times$ 188H (7.40") $\times$ 42D (1.65") mm, 590g (20.8 oz.)

Clamp On Sensor	9667
Appearance	 Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft) Sensor to circuit: 2 m (6.56 ft) Circuit to connector: 1 m (3.28 ft) CAT III 1000V
Primary current rating	500 A AC, 5000 A
Output voltage	500 mV AC f.s.
Accuracy (45 to 66 Hz)	Amplitude: $\pm 2.0\%$ rdg, $\pm 1.5$ mV (for input 10% or more of the range) Phase: $\pm 1^\circ$ or less
Frequency characteristic	$\pm 3$ dB or less for 10 Hz to 20 kHz (deviation from specified accuracy)
Effect of external magnetic field	Corresponding to 5 A, 7.5 A max. (with magnetic field of 400 A/m AC)
Effect of conductor position	$\pm 3.0\%$ or less
Maximum rated voltage to earth	1000 Vrms (insulated conductor)
Maximum allowable input (45 to 66 Hz)	10000 A continuous
Measurable conductor diameter	$\phi 254$ mm (10") or less
Dimensions and weight	Sensor length: 910 mm (2.99 ft), 240 g (8.5 oz.) Circuit: 57W (2.24") $\times$ 86H (3.39") $\times$ 30D (1.18") mm, 140 g (4.9 oz.)
Power supply	LR03 alkaline battery $\times$ 4 (continuous operation max. 168 hours) OR AC ADAPTER 9445 (optional)

### CLAMP-ON ADAPTER 9290-10

Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft)  
Up to 1500 A AC, CT ratio: 10:1  
Measurable conductor diameter:  
 $\phi 55$  mm (2.17"), width: 80 mm (2.17") bus bar



CARRYING CASE 9339

CARRYING CASE 9340



490W (17.72")  $\times$  350H (13.78")  $\times$  200D (7.87") mm, 3.0 kg (106.01 oz.)



380W (14.96")  $\times$  560H (22.05")  $\times$  260D (10.24") mm, 6.3 kg (222.2 oz.)

### Standard accessories

#### AC ADAPTER 9458

100 to 240 V AC, 1.2 A  
50/60 Hz



#### BATTERY PACK 9459

104W (4.09")  $\times$  51H (2.01")  $\times$  18D (0.71") mm, 250 g (8.83 oz.)  
7.2 V DC, 2700 mAh



### PRINTER 9670 option components

The AC ADAPTER 9671 should be purchased along with the PRINTER 9670. Also, the RS-232C CONNECTION CABLE 9638 or RS-232C cable (9- to 25-pin crossover) is required to connect to the 3196.

A battery pack and battery charger to power the Printer 9670 are also available in some countries. Please contact your HIOKI distributor for details.

#### AC ADAPTER 9671



100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz  
134W (5.28")  $\times$  70H (2.76")  $\times$  41D (1.61") mm  
350 g (12.37 oz.)

## Accessories

### POWER QUALITY ANALYZER 3196

(VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT CABLE 9438-02 (one each of red, yellow, blue and gray, plus four black lines, Cord length: 3 m (9.84 ft), BATTERY PACK 9459, AC ADAPTER 9458, Strap, LAN connector cover, Input Cord Label, Operating Manual (CD-R), Quick Start Manual)

By itself, the 3196 is only capable of voltage measurement. Purchase the optional CLAMP-ON SENSOR 9660 or 9661 for current and power measurement.

### Standard combination example

For three-phase 3-wire (3P3W3M) and three-phase 4-wire measurements

Models 3196 + 9661 (500 A)  $\times$  3 + 9339 + PC card

## Options

CLAMP ON SENSOR (100 A AC) Voltage output type	9660
CLAMP ON SENSOR (500 A AC) Voltage output type	9661
FLEXIBLE CLAMP ON SENSOR (5000 A AC) Voltage output type	9667
AC ADAPTER (for the 9667, for America, Japan)	9445-02
AC ADAPTER (for the 9667, for Europe)	9445-03
CLAMP ON SENSOR (1000 A AC) Voltage output type	9669
CLAMP ON SENSOR (5 A AC) Voltage output type	9694
CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR (5A AC with Model 3196) Voltage Output Type	9657-10
CLAMP ON LEAK SENSOR (5A AC with Model 3196) Voltage Output Type	9675
CLAMP ON ADAPTER	9290-10
WIRING ADAPTER (3P3W)	9264-01
WIRING ADAPTER (3P4W)	9264-02
VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT CABLE (standard accessory)	9438-02
BATTERY PACK (standard accessory)	9459
PRINTER (with one roll recording paper)	9670
AC ADAPTER (for 9670)	9671
RECORDING PAPER (80 mm (3.15") $\times$ 25 m (82.03 ft), 4 rolls, for 9670)	9237
RS-232C CABLE (1.5 m (4.92 ft), for printer connection)	9638
LAN CABLE (5m (16.41 ft), with straight and crossover connectors)	9642
CARRYING CASE (soft)	9339
CARRYING CASE (hard)	9340
PQA-HiVIEW PRO (PC application software)	9624-50
PC CARD 256 M	9727
PC CARD 512 M	9728
Operating Manual (bound version)	
GPS Box (including antenna and RS-232C cable)	XD112

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